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Terminally Ill Texans Given A Better Chance to Fight and Win SB 694, The Andrea Sloan 'Right to Try' bill passes Senate Unanimously

Austin – Senator Paul Bettencourt, author along with twenty of his fellow Senators, passed SB 694, the "Right to Try" legislation, unanimously 31-0. The bill has solid bi-partisan support.

Senator Bettencourt said, "I am honored to have the support of every Texas Senator to let patients and doctors fight terminally ill cancer diagnoses."

Under current law, the FDA has a compassionate use exception policy that allows for terminally ill patients to receive drugs and treatments prior to being FDA approved if the treating physician certifies that certain conditions are met. Under SB 694, the FDA's lengthy and unduly burdensome application process that takes approximately 30 days or longer is eliminated and replaced with a more efficient mechanism that results in the patient receiving the needed medication in a much more expeditious manner. The time saved can make *the* critical difference – in living instead of dying – for a patient because it allows them to start treatment when they are stronger and their bodies are healthy enough to fight and succeed with safe, ground breaking treatments.

"In these fairly uncommon situations, <u>time is a predator</u>, that it is unconscionable that government is standing in the way of a potential cure," Bettencourt stated.

Senator Bettencourt's legislation is not a mandate for drug companies to provide experimental drugs. Importantly, the FDA retains its role in ensuring patient safety by requiring that any experimental drug that a physician recommends for his terminal patient has successfully passed Phase 1 of the FDA's clinical trial process, meaning that the drug is generally deemed safe.

"A companion bill, HB 21 is expected to pass the House with overwhelming support, authored by Reps. Ken King and Kyle Kacal," Senator Bettencourt stated.

SB 694 is named after Andrea Sloan, an Austin attorney who battled ovarian cancer and waited for several months for an experimental drug her doctors believed could extend her life. She ultimately did obtain the experimental drug she and her physician sought, and tests showed that the drug was achieving its purpose; unfortunately, the delay in obtaining the drug took its toll, and her body was too weak to fight off pneumonia.

When Sen. Bettencourt filed SB694, five states had passed Right to Try laws similar to the Senator's; in only a couple of months, five more states have passed Right to Try laws, and twenty additional states are considering such measures. Texas legislators who passed SB694 and hopefully its companion, champion this legislation as a way to help patients facing the direct of medical circumstances have a fighting chance at winning their battles and indefinitely prolonging their lives.

'This bill is simply about giving terminally ill patients a better chance to hopefully one day be well enough to say 'hello' again, instead of a 'goodbye' to their loved ones."